

AIR 29/284	Central Interpretation Unit (CIU) Medmenham, Interpretation reports (1943)
REF.	CONTENT
Ref. 172A	<p>“German “Windjammer” R.D.F. Stations”, pp. 6-9 in “Monthly interpretation review for July 1943”. Summary: off shore photo no. 4016 of station at Bergen [= Schoorl, The Netherlands] taken 14-June-1943; “Windjammer” antenna array is straight, unlike bent array of “Knickebein”; rotatable array placed across circular base with diameter of about 80 ft [24 m]; the main horizontal girder/carriage of “Windjammer” is a large cabin; carriage has wheels that run on rails; “Windjammer” has two stacked arrays with overall height of about 100 ft [30 m]; 2 diagrams of “Windjammer apparatus” made by A.D.I. Science; small mast/pylon connected to the turntable by underground cable, average 670 yards [615 m]; aerial photo no. 667 of St. Vaast [= La Pernelle] taken 4-Aug-1941 (area of “suspicious activity” marked with white circle on photo); recce of St. Vaast early Oct-1941, compared to Aug-41, noted large circular white patch & construction of cable trench and several huts; construction appeared interrupted late Oct-41, but resumed mid-Apr-1942 at which time site wire-fenced in; monitoring mast at St. Vaast was discovered in aerial photos of mid-Sept-1942; aerial photos no. 5030 & 5029 [stereo pair?] taken at St. Vaast on 22-Dec-1942 with & without station + mast location marked with circle on photo; mid-April-1942, the site near Desvres [= Le Bois-Julien] was discovered (ring + cabin across the ring), and ca. 50 ft [15 m] mast at ca. 600 yards [550 m]; recce of June-42 at Desvres noted addition of the 2-level antenna array; aerial photo no. 5090 at Desvres of 20th April 1943 (with & without station + mast location marked up with white circle on photo); recce late-1942 discovered the station near Morlaix [= Mt.-St.-Michel-de-Brasparts], and early 1943 1-2 additional stations [no location given]; low-oblique aerial photo no. 0008 taken at St. Vaast on 3-Mar-1943</p>